HEAT STROKE & HEAT EXHAUSTION

In hot temperatures your body may be unable to properly cool itself, leading to serious health problems.



If you must go outside, dress properly and take breaks often. Know who is at high risk for heat stroke and heat exhaustion.

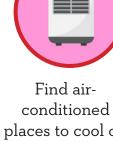
Tips to Beat the Heat



of water!



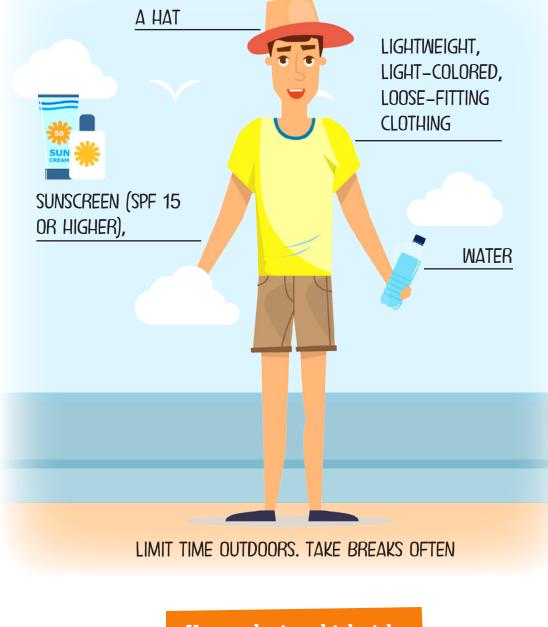
high risk for heatrelated illness



places to cool off (shopping malls and libraries) If you go outside, remember:



vehicle



Older adults



Young children

Infants





SPOT 🌞 🌞

Know the signs of heat stroke and heat exhaustion.



headache Dizziness Upset stomach Confusion

Signs &

Symptoms

Very high body

temperature

(above 103°F) · Red, hot, and dry

Rapid, strong

pulse Throbbing

skin (no sweating)

Passing out

Dizziness Headache Upset stomach or vomiting

Signs &

Symptoms Heavy sweating

Muscle cramps

Paleness

 Tiredness Weakness

Fainting



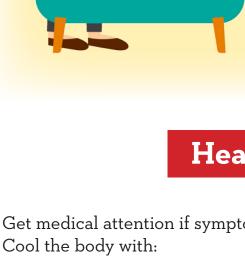


Heat Stroke

Cool the body by:

While waiting for medical attention, you can help

someone with heat stroke or heat exhaustion.



 Sponging with cool water Fanning Continue efforts to cool the person until help arrives or his or her body temperature falls below 102°F and

Spraying with a garden hose

Move the victim to a shady area or indoors. Do not give the person fluids.

Placing person in a cool (not cold) bath

Heat Exhaustion

stays there.

Get medical attention if symptoms get worse or last longer than one hour.

beverages

Rest



conditioned room Wearing lightweight clothing

· Moving to an air-

· Cool, nonalcoholic

 A cool (not cold) bath, shower, or sponge bath

